

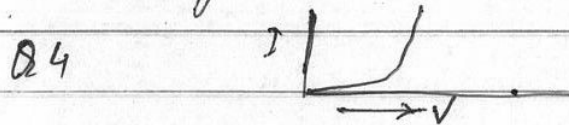
Ans Key

Section A

Q1. X is C_1 and Y is C_2 As energy stored in any capacitor is area under Q vs V

Q2. $+z$ axis

Q3. Eddy currents



Q5. Accelerated charge particle

Section B

Q6. γ -rays produced when heaviest nucleus under go decay
 i) used to treat cancer ii) used as radioactive tracers

Q7. using $\lambda = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Ze^2\alpha}{\frac{1}{2}mv^2} = 2.476 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m}$
 or

Three Bohr's Postulates:

Q8. Act. showing $\lambda \propto n^2$

Q9. using $\mu = \frac{\sin A + \sin r}{\sin A/2}$ we get $\theta_{\text{min}} = 60^\circ$

Q10. Act. Q

Section C

~~Q10~~

Q11. (a) ~~$I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{R^2 + X_L^2}{2}$~~ $I_{\text{rms}} = \frac{V_{\text{rms}}}{Z}$ where $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}$

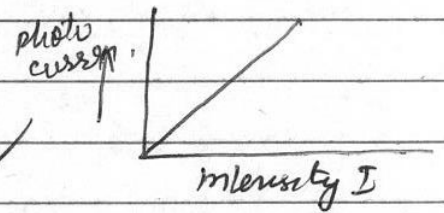
(b) i) $V_R = I_{rms} R$ $V_L = I_{rms} X_L$ (c) As there is phase difference between V_R & V_L a

Q12) ~~For~~ Energy of the photon = $\frac{hc}{\lambda} = 0.2 eV$ As $E_g > 0.2 eV$ So not detected

Q13 (a) circular (b) Helical (iii) E should in +y axis
or

$$\frac{r_d}{r_p} = \frac{m_a v_a}{q_a B} \times \frac{q_p B}{m_p v_p} = 4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

Q14 As $E = \frac{hc}{\lambda} = \frac{6.6 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8}{3300 \times 10^{-10} \times 1.6 \times 10^{19}} = 3.75 eV$



As $E > W$ for Na So photo emission will happen with Na

Q15 (a) $E = \frac{6}{3} = 2V$ (b) $I = 1A$ $V = \frac{3 \cdot 0}{3} = 1V$ So $Z = \frac{E - V}{I} = 1 \Omega$

(c) for max power dissipation $R_m = R_{ext}$

$$R_{int} = 3 \times 1 = 3 \Omega \quad I = \frac{3E}{3+3} = \frac{E}{2} = 1A$$

Q16 x - modulator $M = \frac{A_m}{A_c}$ or $\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{A_{max} + A_{min}}$
Y = Amplifier

Q17 $C_{eq} = 2 \mu F$ $U = \frac{1}{2} C V^2 = 36 \times 10^{-6} J$

Q18 (ii) graph $i) U = 2V_1 - 2V_2 + \frac{1}{4 \times 10^6} \frac{2(C - 90)}{2d}$

Q19 Art (i) $N = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$ (ii) Mean life $T = \frac{1}{\lambda}$

Q20 (i) Art. (b) $\sin i_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$ where $i_c =$ critical angle and n_1, n_2 are ref. index

Q21 (i) (v) diffusion of holes from p to n
(vi) Drift of electron from n to p

(b) circuit of full wave rectifier

Q22 Art.

Section D

Q23 (a) Knowledge, presence of oxide, etc.

(b) use $S = \frac{I_g G}{I - I_g}$ here $G = 15$ $I_g = 4 \text{ mA}$ $I = 100 \text{ mA}$

Section E

Q24 Art

OR

Art

Q25 (a) Definition $\frac{N}{e} \text{ m}^2$ Derive $E = \frac{h}{2\pi m_0 \lambda}$ $E \propto \frac{1}{\lambda}$

(b) Art.

OR

Q26 Art (b) (i) $v = \frac{v_0}{K}$ and $E = \frac{E_0}{K}$

P-4

Q26 Act with proper diagram find x and the
OR

(a) Def. Show OR, NOT, AND from NAND only

(b) Truth table =

A	B	\neg
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

So circuit is OR gate